



UN Collaborative Programme on Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and Forest Degradation in Developing Countries

FAO-UNDP-UNEP

February 2011

UN Collaboration on REDD

- A response to Bali decision
- Coalition for Rainforest Nations and donor requests for joint UN action
- To support country-led, integrated REDD programmes
- To facilitate the informed involvement of national stakeholders, including forest-dependent local communities
- To coordinate with other players including WB-FCPF, PNG-Australian-FCPP, GEF etc. on making REDD work for people
- Increase UN effectiveness - "Delivering as One UN"



Issues

- The underlying causes of deforestation vary from country to country and even within a country and are often complex in nature.
- Addressing deforestation and forest degradation can yield significant sustainable development benefits
- REDD may generate new financing for forest management in developing countries
- But involves substantial risks that need to be managed – “performance” or “delivery” risks



Issues – On-delivery Payments

- REDD countries bear all the delivery risk, thus limiting the incentive to invest in time-consuming participatory, community-based measures
- Could reduce livelihood opportunities for rural people, including indigenous groups
- This in turn, may affect the sustainability of REDD interventions and thus compromise the permanence of REDD carbon savings



UN Collaborative REDD Programme

Rationale

To assist forested developing countries and the international community to gain experience with various risk management formulae and payment structures.

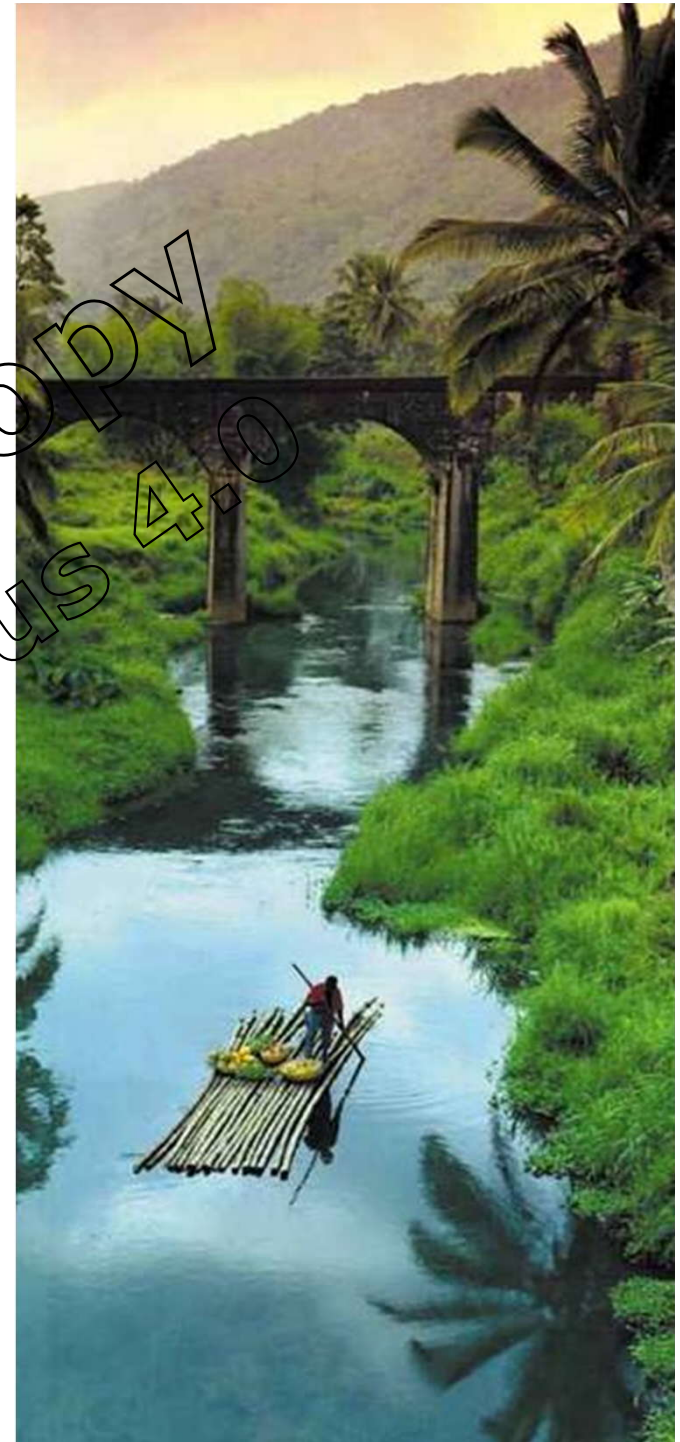
Components

- Country Actions
- International Support



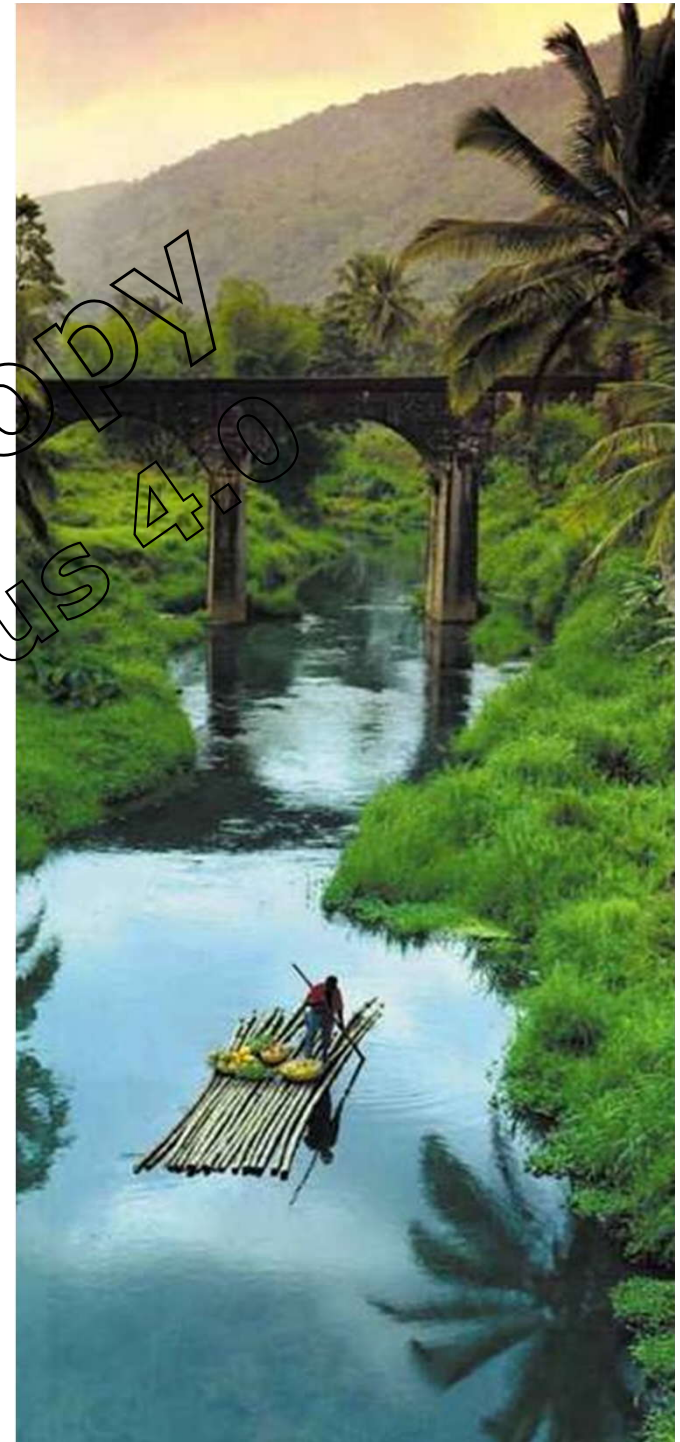
Country Actions

- Will be identified and led by the government
- Will vary from country to country
- Aim to establish cross-sectoral & multi-stakeholder responses
- Aim to facilitate & support the challenging national processes in which REDD actions are defined and agreed



Country Actions

- Scoping and Alliance Building
- REDD Readiness for Monitoring and Assessment
- REDD Dialogue
- National REDD strategy
- Support for implementing the REDD measures
- REDD Data Management
- REDD Payment Distribution
- REDD Payment structuring



PNG's National Joint Programme Country Actions (US\$6.4M)

1. REDD Readiness Management Arrangements
 - Strengthen coordination in-country
 - Manage NJP implementation
2. National MRV System developed
 - NFI Systems
 - Satellite Forest Land Monitoring System
 - Technical Advice
3. Historical Drivers of Deforestation
4. Monitoring of Abatement Concepts
5. Stakeholder Engagement in PNG's REDD+ Readiness

PNG's National Joint Programme Country Actions

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- Participatory consultation and awareness with resource owners, groups with traditional rights, and economic agents
- Build participatory national support and cross-sectoral action on REDD especially at indigenous peoples and local community level

International Support

Technical and Scientific:

- Monitoring systems
- Accounting Methods and Verification of Reduced Emissions
- Guidelines, methods and tools for REDD
- Co-benefit and Trade-Off Tools
- Capacity building in design, negotiation and implementation



International Support

Knowledge Management:

- Knowledge Sharing Between Countries
- REDD Awareness
- Data availability and interpretation
- Cutting edge science and policy networks

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Management Arrangements

- Country-driven “Joint Programmes”
- Supporting cross-sectoral responses
- Ensuring stakeholder participation
- Utilising the UN Country Team mechanisms
- Building on comparative advantages of FAO, UNDP and UNEP



Next Steps for PNG

- PNG's UN-REDD National Joint Programme submitted to UN-REDD Policy Board in Nov. 2010
- 16 Conditions prior approval
- A revised version of the NJP was circulated in Jan. 2011
- Comments were due on 11 Feb. 2011 however not many have submitted comments
- Joint OCCD, UN (FAO & UNDP), AusAID and PNGNFA mission 21-25 Feb. 2011
- Validation & MRV workshop 22-24 Feb. 2011



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